Uppsala University

Department of Information Technology

Computer Network I (1DT014, 1TT821)

2009-08-18 at 8-13

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Instructions to candidates:

- This is a **FIVE(5)** hour examination.
- Answer **ALL** questions in English.
- The total mark is 100.

Section A. Short Questions [40 pts]

Question 1 [10 pts]

- (a) Specify the Internet five layers (from top to bottom).
- (b) Explain the principal responsibilities of each of these layers.

Question 2 [6 pts]

Name and explain three services that TCP provides, but UDP does not provide.

Question 3 [8 pts]

- (a) Name the current version of the Internet Protocol (IP) in the Internet.
- (b) Name the next version of the Internet Protocol (IP).
- (c) State two reasons why we need to move from the current version to the next version.

Question 4 [8 pts]

- (a) Explain difference between a symmetric key system and a public key system. [2 pts]
- (b) Suppose 10 people want to communicate with each other s secretly. How many keys are required in the system as a whole if symmetric key encryption is used? Similarly, how many keys are required if public key system is used? [6 pts]

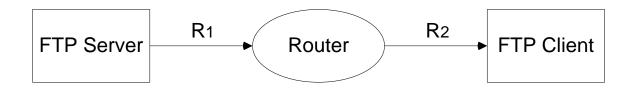
Question 5 [8 pts]

- (a) Explain the differences between peer to peer architecture and client-server architecture.
- (b) Give an application as example for each of the above architectures.

Section B. Long Questions [60 pts]

Question 6 [15 pts]

Assume there is one router and two links between the ftp server and client (see picture below). The first link has transmission rate R1 and the second link has transmission rate R2. Assume the file gets broken into three packets each of size L. We will ignore all propagation and processing delays.



- (a) How long does it take from the server starts sending the file until the client has received the whole file if $R2 \ge R1$?
- (b) What if R2 < R1?
- (c) In the second case, how long does the second packet spend in the router's queue?

Question 7 [12 pts]

Suppose users share a 2 Mbps link. Also suppose each user required 200 kbps when transmitting, but each user transmits only 10 percent of the time.

- (a) When circuit switching is used, how many users can be supported?
- (b) For the remainder of this problem, suppose packet switching is used. Find the probability that a given user is transmitting.
- (c) Suppose there are 30 users. Find the probability that there are 11 or more users transmitting simultaneously.

Question 8 [10 pts]

- (a) Suppose the information content of a packet is the bit pattern 101010101010101011 and an even parity scheme is being used. What would the value of the field containing the parity bits be for the case of a two-dimensional parity scheme? Your answer should be such that a minimum-length checksum field is used.
- (b) Suppose the information portion of a packet D contains 10 bytes consisting of the 8-bit unsigned binary representation of the integers 0 to 9.

00000000 00000001 00000010 00000011 00000100 00000101 00000110 00000111 00001000 00001001

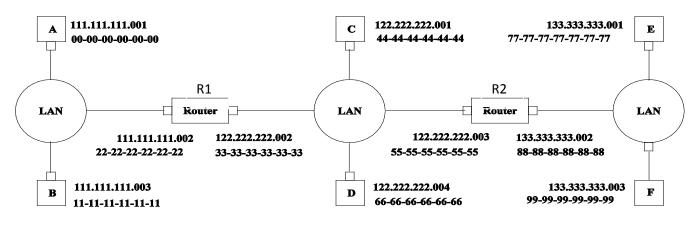
Computer the Internet checksum of D. Note that bytes of data are treated as 16-bit integers.

Question 9 [10 pts]

- (a) Define the role of a firewall in computer networks. In defining the role of a firewall, you should discuss the techniques that a firewall uses at different levels to prevent external attacks on the network and control traffic flow through the firewall.
- (b) Draw a diagram that shows where a firewall should be positioned with relation to protecting a local network.

Question 10 [13 pts]

Consider the following network with the following MAC and IP addresses.



Suppose that Host E is sending a message to Host B.

- (a) Please show the path that the message will flow through by indicating the intermediate routers along the path from E to B in sequence.
- (b) For each of the steps above, give the source MAC address, destination MAC address, source IP address and destination IP address in the packet being transmitted.

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